# Tralee Chamber Alliance - Property Update Limerick Chamber

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28 July 2022





# Limerick Chamber Policy Team Overview: What We Do

Property Case Study: Co. Kerry



# Policy Overview

- Limerick Chamber Policy Team -



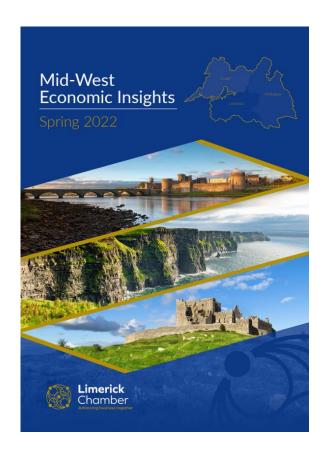
## Our Research

A broad range of data across a broad range of policy areas.

Multiple sources – through chamber members, some through online sources.

Strong data and evidence-based analysis is the cornerstone to our research.

Information collected ranges from average house prices, to no. of graduates, to aviation & logistic figures.





## **Manual Information Collection**

**Rent Tracker** 

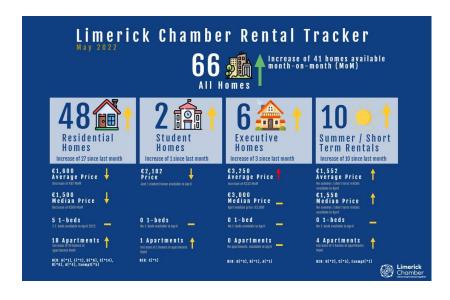
Tracking the performance of the private rental market, highlighting factors outside of the price

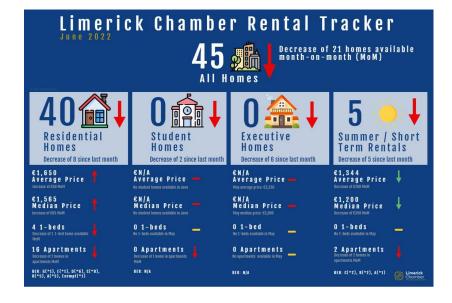
**Shared Rent Tracker** 

Monitoring the shared rental market – an underlying issue?

**Airbnb Tracker** 

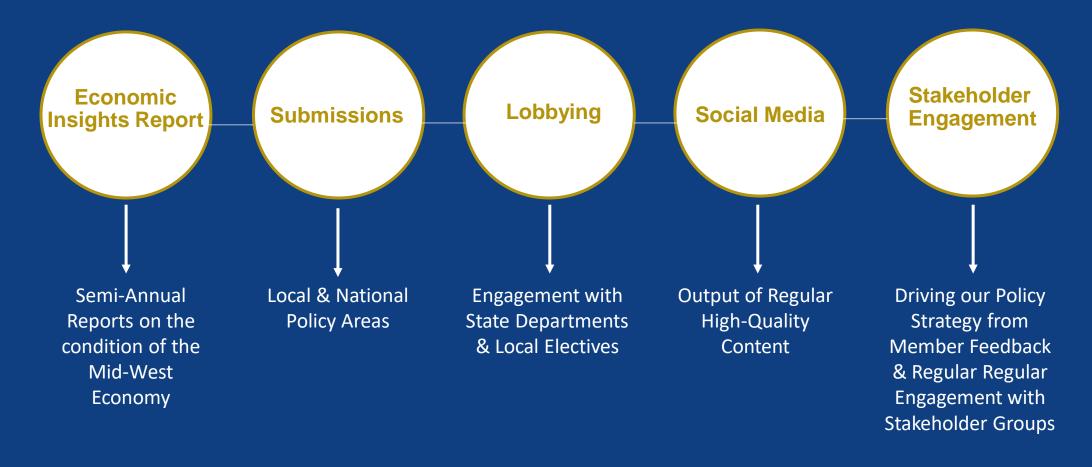
Monitoring the Airbnb market in Limerick City – is it really contributing to the supply issue?





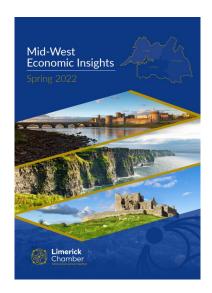


# Using Our Research



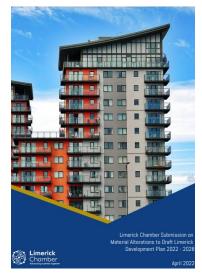


## 2022 So Far

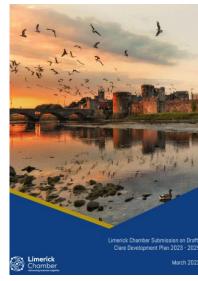




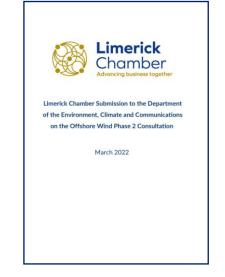














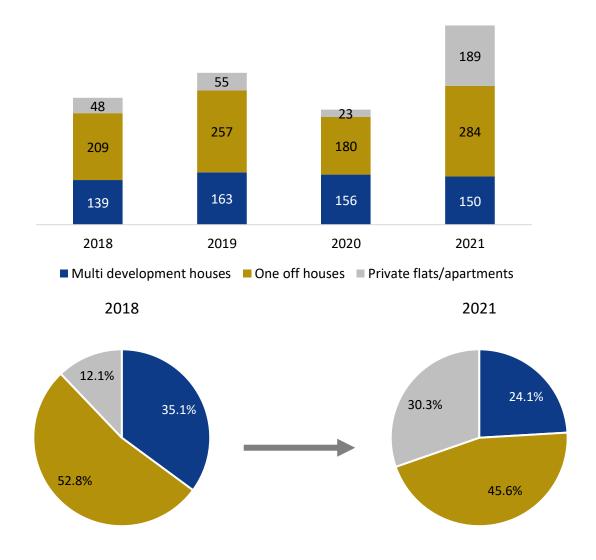


# **Property Case Study**

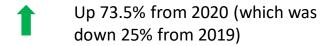
- Co. Kerry -



#### **Planning Permissions Granted**







There has been an uptake in the share of apartments granted permission at the expense of MDH and One off housing. Could be a blip for 2021. It is not in keeping with the trend.

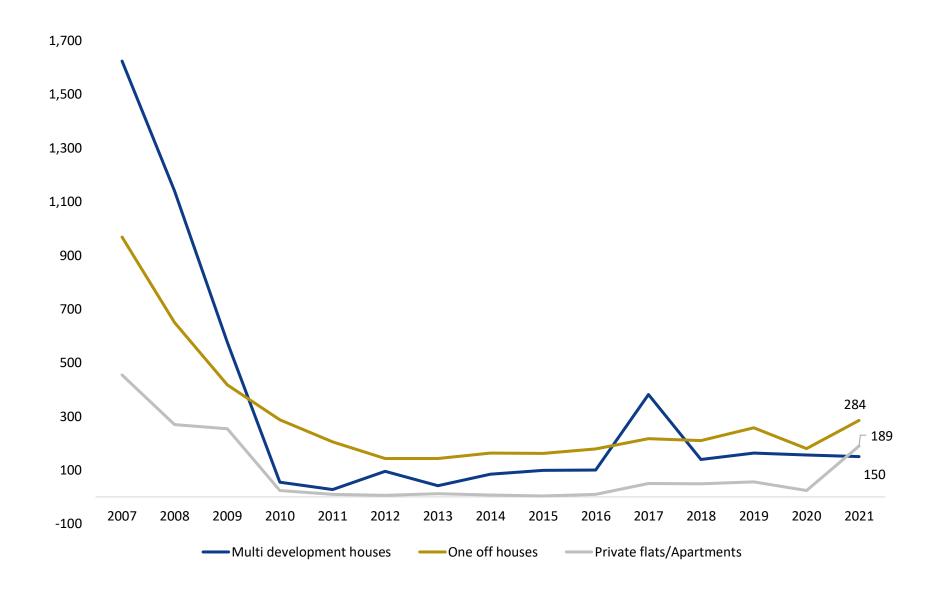


Implementing planning permissions is the key. This data is only indicative of what could be delivered if planning permissions were realized.



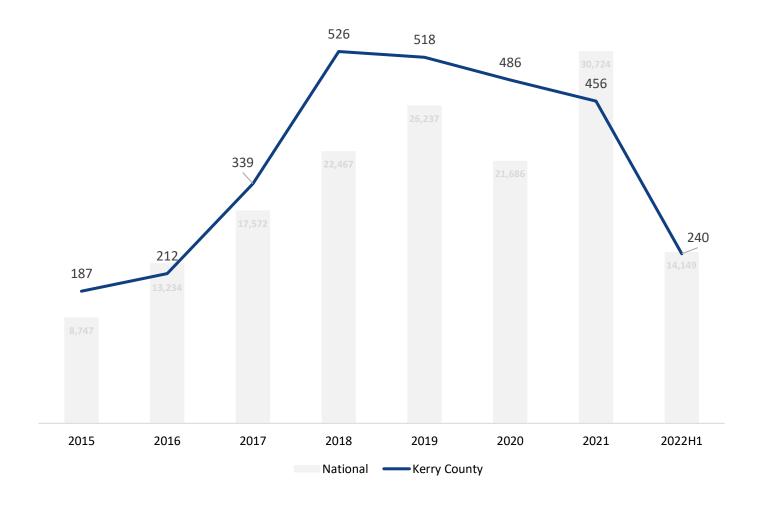
Source: CSO

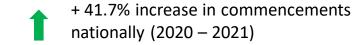
### Planning Permissions Granted

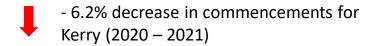




### **Housing Commencements**







4.0% decrease in commencements 2022H1 vs 2021H1

- H1 2022 = 240
- H1 2021 = 250
- H1 2020 = 178
- H1 2019 = 242



**Cost and inflationary** environment likely to have an impact



Commencements is a **much better** reflection of pipeline than planning permissions.



# ESRI Housing Needs Assessment (Kerry)

**High Migration** 

**Low Migration** 

**50:50 City** 





1,048 pa

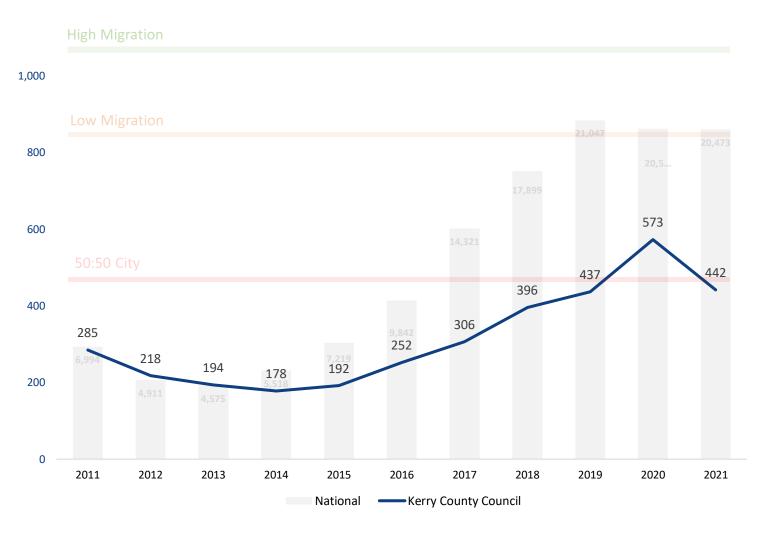
813 pa
Shortfall 371 homes

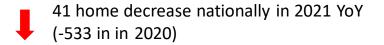
430 pa Shortfall 12 homes

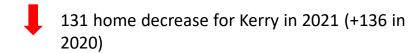
Shortfall 606 homes



### New Dwelling Completions









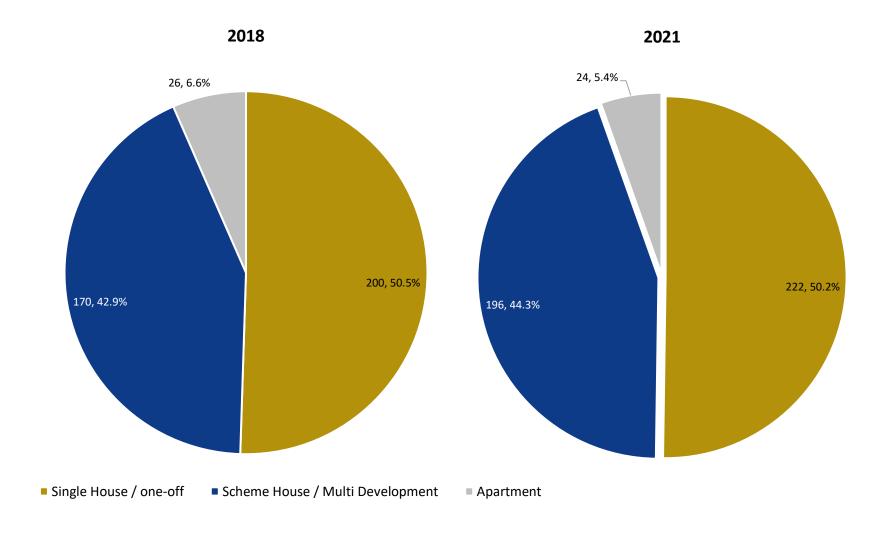
33,000 annual average target under *Housing for* 



Note: Some (most) housing demand projections do not include pent up demand or adults living with parents **so demand is likely understated** 

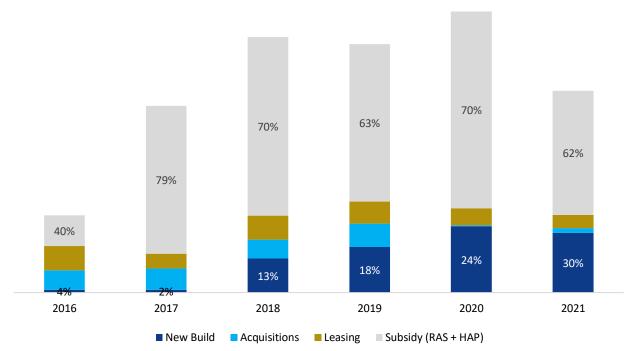


# New Completion by type





## Social Housing Delivery



	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
New Build	10	10	119	159	231	208
Acquisitions	68	74	66	81	4	17
Leasing	84	52	83	77	59	45
Subsidy (RAS + HAP)	107	514	622	548	685	433
	252	c=0	222	0.0=	0=0	
Total	269	650	890	865	979	703

Note: 2017 & 2016 exclude large voids (90pa) due to changing in reporting



- 2,141 households on the social housing waiting list in Kerry in 2021
- 46% of those on the waiting list (main applicants are under 39 years of age)
- 58% of households on the waiting list are one person households, 16% are one adult with one to two children (74% in total "smaller households" in line with the national and regional trend). More smaller homes needed.



Note: Be careful when looking at social housing numbers people often quote "households" rather than number of people, with the number of people on the list being much higher (i.e. a 4 person household)



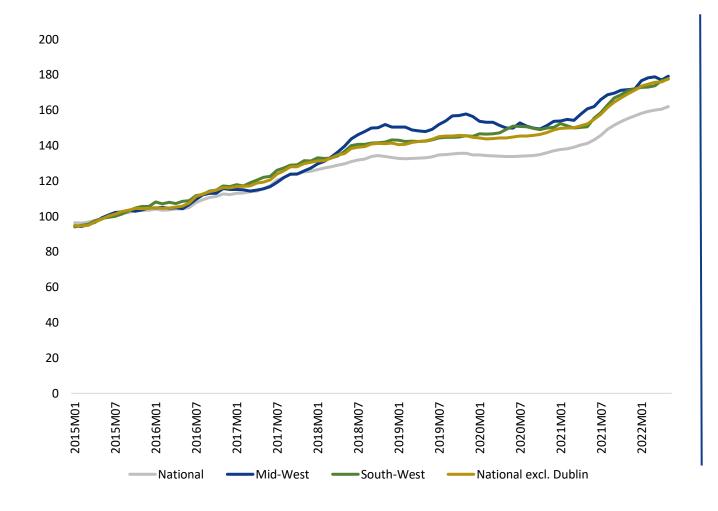
Failure to adequately direct build social homes forces people to the private sector through subsidy schemes (mainly HAP) and as a result puts more pressure on an already constrained market. The solution is to direct build more social homes.



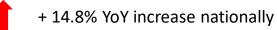
Over reliance on HAP to deliver homes – follows the same trend as elsewhere. Government subsidies almost reach €1 billion per year for housing.

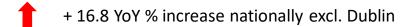
Source: Dept Housing

### Residential Property Price Index (Houses)



#### To May 2022:







**23rd** Consecutive MoM increase nationally

27th Consecutive MoM increase nationally (Excl. Dublin)

**14th** Consecutive MoM increase South-West



Note: Beware "cooling language" – it mostly means the house prices are still increasing but at a slower rate



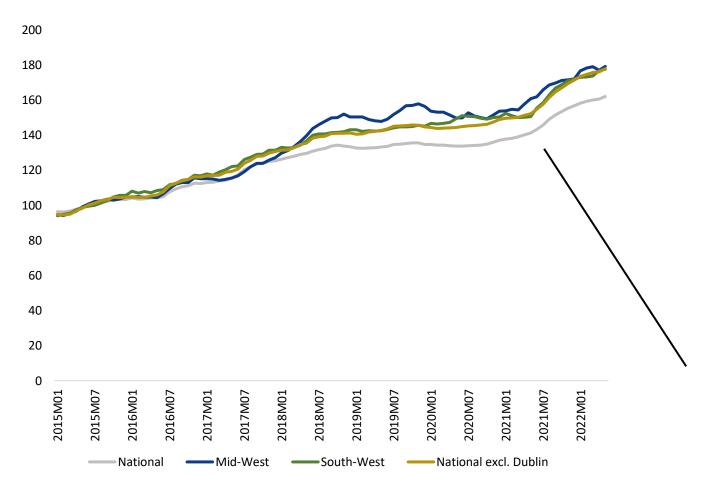
Note: RPPI data not available at county level means Kerry gets put in with Cork.



Note: Data doesn't focus on anything but Houses in the regions



### RPPI throughout the Pandemic



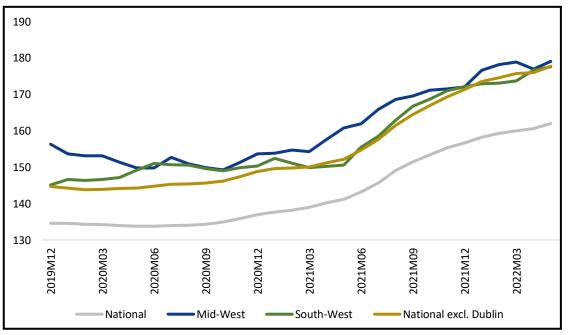
#### **Pre-Covid to Today**

• National Excl. Dublin: +18.6%

• South-West: +18.3%

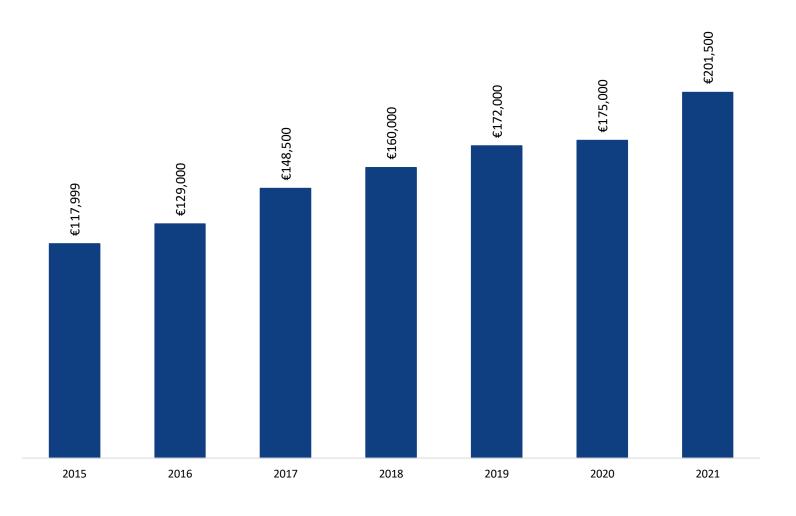
• National: +16.9%

• Mid-West: +12.7%





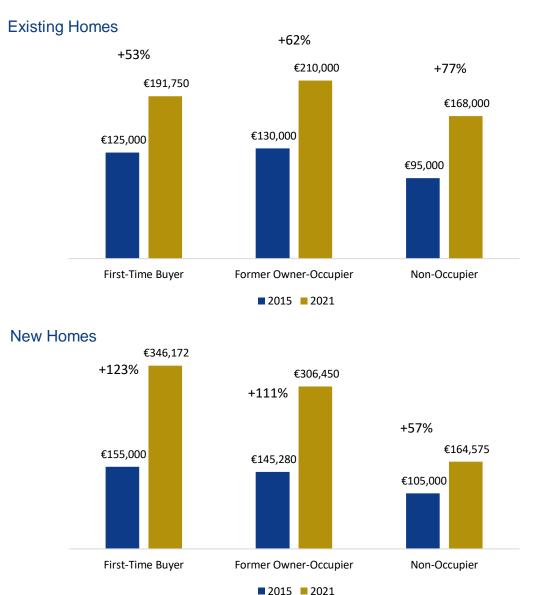
### Median House Prices



- National yearly increase 2021 = 7.7%
- Kerry yearly increase 2021 = 15.1%



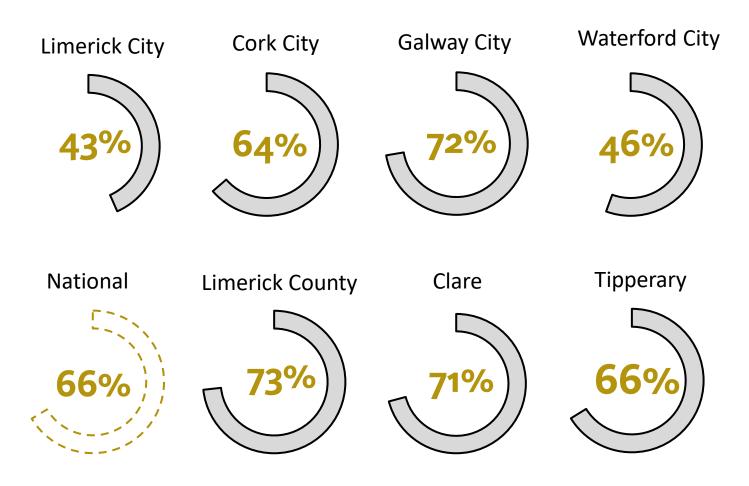
### House Price Inflation by Buyer

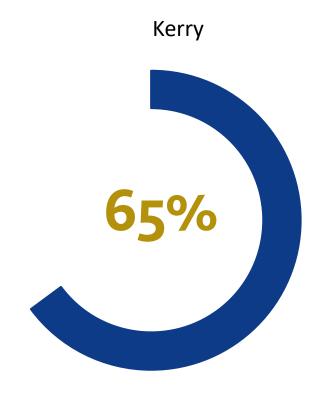


- From 2015 2021 FTB have seen existing homes rise by €66,750
- New homes have more than doubled (+€191,172) over the same period
- Former Owner Occupier's have seen existing homes rise by €80,000
- New homes for Former Owner Occupier's have also more than doubled (+€161,170)
- New Homes have been most affected likely due to rising construction costs.

Source: CSO

## Buying vs Renting

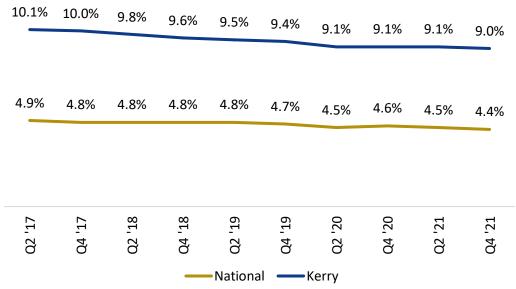




#### What does this mean?

- For every €100 spent on renting a home you would spend €65 owning the home
- By paying a mortgage people will only spend 65% of what they would renting i.e. owning a home is cheaper

#### Residential Vacancy



Source: Geodirectory





#### Nationally:

- 90,158 vacant properties (Geodriectory)
- Vacancy decreased from 4.9% to 4.4% from 2017 to 2021
- 22,096 derelict

#### Kerry:

- Vacancy decreased from 10.1% in 2017 to 9.0% in 2021
- 5.8% dereliction rate (1,292 homes) down
   13.6% from 2016



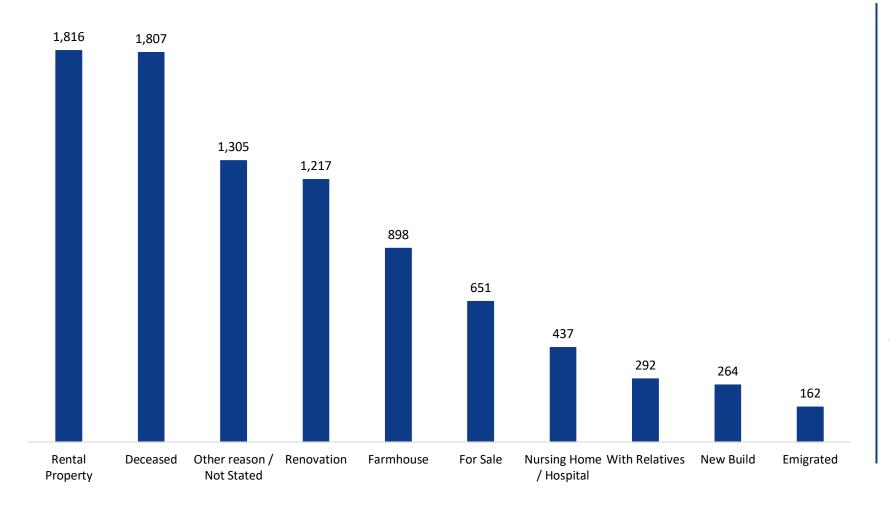
Note: Vacancy rate will decrease naturally as new homes are constructed. The focus needs to be on the total number of vacant homes



A measured approach to vacancy is needed; not all vacant homes are lying idle for no reason / long-term



#### Reason for Vacancy?



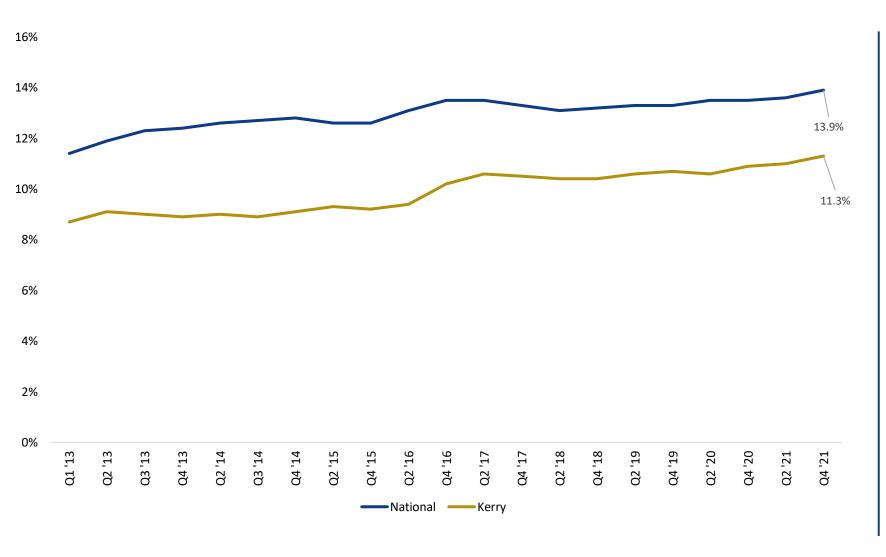
- Not all vacant properties are viable for housing in the short / medium term
- A large number of vacant homes are in a 'transitionary' state, where the owners are deceased and not available to the market.



Evidence based approach is required for tackling vacancy and "headline grabbing" stats need to be interrogated



#### **Commercial Vacancy**



#### Change from Q4 2020 - Q4 2021



Tralee: Increase to 15.9% (+0.1 pp)



Killarney: No change at 10.7%



Listowel: Increase to 17.5% (+2.5 pp)

- Overall trend for National and the South-West is increasing since 2013
- Kerry regularly having a low / the lowest commercial vacancy rate nationally.
- 2013 to 2021:
  - Tralee  $13.5\% \rightarrow 15.9\%$
  - Killarney  $11.7\% \rightarrow 10.7\%$
  - Listowel 12.2% → 17.5%



# Limerick Chamber Rental Tracker

Kerry Edition

40 es

Available homes for rent in County Kerry between July 4th and July 26th 2022.

35 Residential Homes

O Final Student Homes





€1,126 Average Price €N/A Average Price €2,717 Average Price €2,550 Average Price

€1,100 Median Price €N/A Median Price

€2,950 Median Price €N/A Median Price

4 1-beds

0 1-beds

0 1-bed

0 1-beds

17 Apartments

O Apartments

1 Apartments

O Apartments

BER: B(\*2), C(\*10), D(\*10), F(\*1), G(\*1), Exempt(\*5)

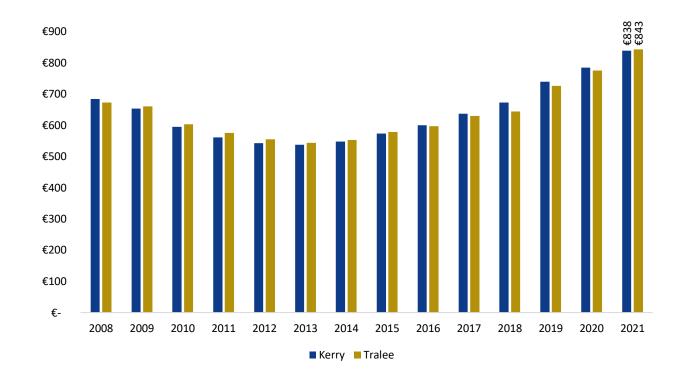
BER: N/A

BER: A(\*1)

BER: C(\*1)



#### **Average Rental Prices**





#### **Change from 2020 – 2021**

Kerry: Increase to 6.9% (+0.1 pp)

Tralee: Increase of 8.8% (+2.5 pp)

#### **Change from 2019 – 2021**

Kerry: Increase to 13.4%

Tralee: Increase of 16.2%

F s

RTB uses averages which can be skewed by outliers. Median would be more appropriate.



Average annual earnings for Kerry was €36,966 in 2018



Source: RTB

# Housing for All Targets by 2030

**Private** 

Social

**Affordable** 







171,000

88,000

54,000

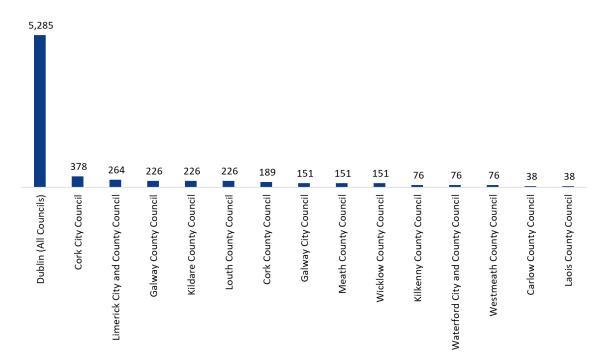


#### Local Authority Affordable Housing Delivery (2022-2026)

Local Authority	Total	Share of total	Avg. per year to 2026	
Dublin (All Councils)	5,285	70%		L,057
Cork City Council	378	5%		76
Limerick City and County Council	264	3%		53
Galway County Council	226	3%		45
Kildare County Council	226	3%		45
Louth County Council	226	3%		45
Cork County Council	189	3%		38
Galway City Council	151	2%		30
Meath County Council	151	2%		30
Wicklow County Council	151	2%		30
Kilkenny County Council	76	1%		15
Waterford City and County Council	76	1%		15
Westmeath County Council	76	1%		15
Carlow County Council	38	1%		8
Laois County Council	38	1%		8
Total	7,551		1	L,510

5,813

77%



The five-year 2022-2026 total target for local authority affordable delivery is 7,550 (excluding those dwellings expected to be delivered affordably under the terms of Part V agreements). This five-year target has been allocated to eighteen local authority areas, where the need for affordable housing is determined as being a sufficiently significant proportion of overall housing need, as per the table below



Greater Dublin Area Total

#### **Potential Solutions?**

- Cost Rental implementation with a focus on the regions
- Reduce emphasis on leasing, turnkeys, HAP etc and focus on direct
   build
- Increased focused for AHB's to deliver affordable homes
- Reduce competition for owner occupiers
- Modular homes
- Autoenrollment pension to invest in cost rental
- Increase affordable provision through local authorities
- Review tenant purchase scheme
- Expand repair and lease to include cost rental
- Co-operative housing
- Increase Cost Rental Equity Loan (CREL) and Affordable Housing Fund (AHF)
- Levy on vacant properties
- Increase and expand Zoned Land Tax (ZLT)
- Expand and improve living cities initiative

- Use Urban Development Zones (see Germany)
- HTB style scheme for vacant derelict properties
- Greater focus on helping those purchase existing homes (second hand)
- Shared Equity (First Home Loan)
- Croí Conaithe improvements for the regions
- Expanded HTB to for apartments
- Deal with the bulk purchasing / non-market issue
- Improve student accommodation offering



# Thank-you

#### Further information please contact:

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None: 061 415 180

Check out our policy documents: https://limerickchamber.ie/influence/

